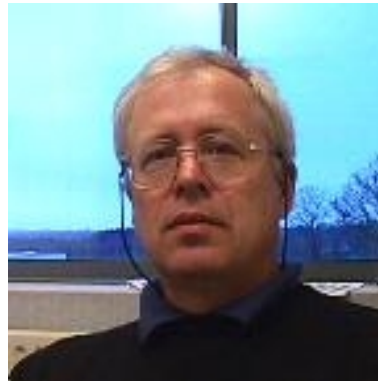


Internet & Multimedia

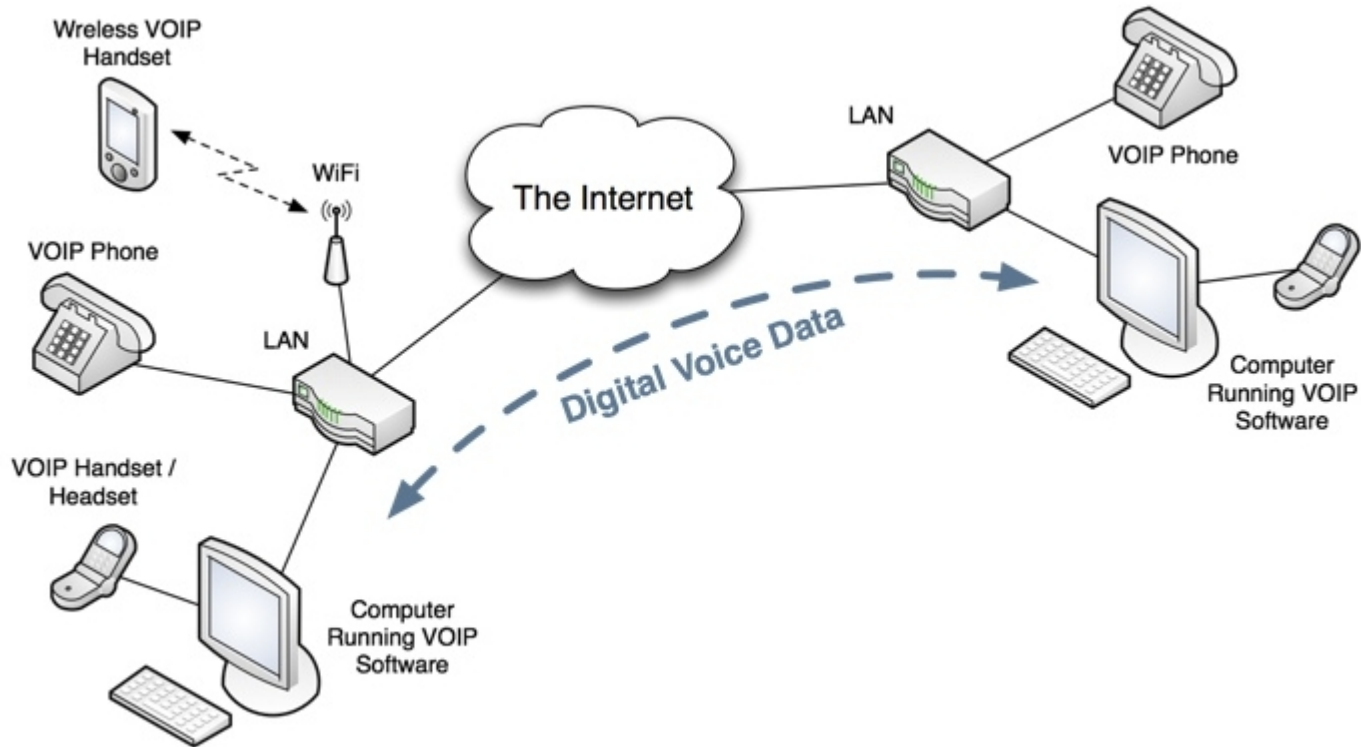
Exercises: timing and delays

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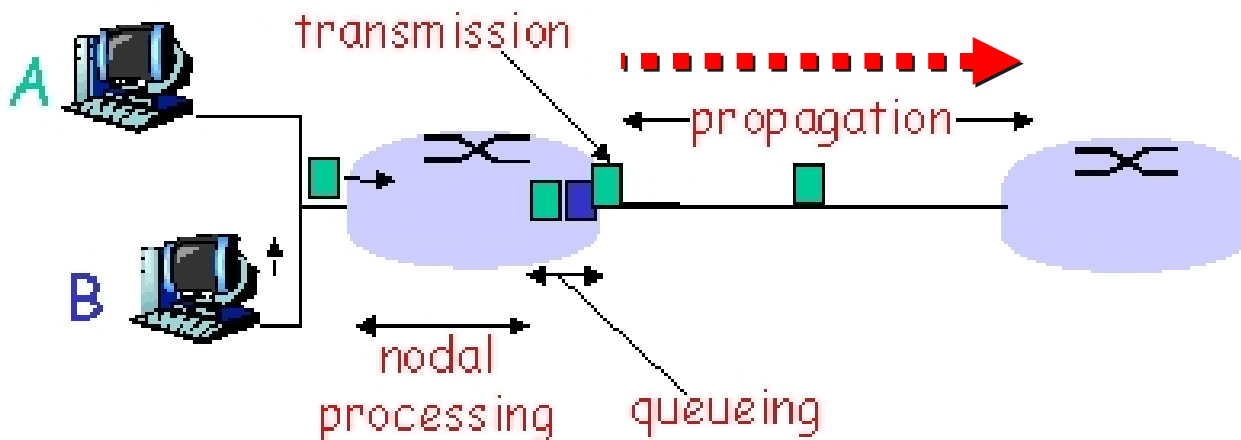
Internet data transfer - delays



- Find and discuss the system level delays

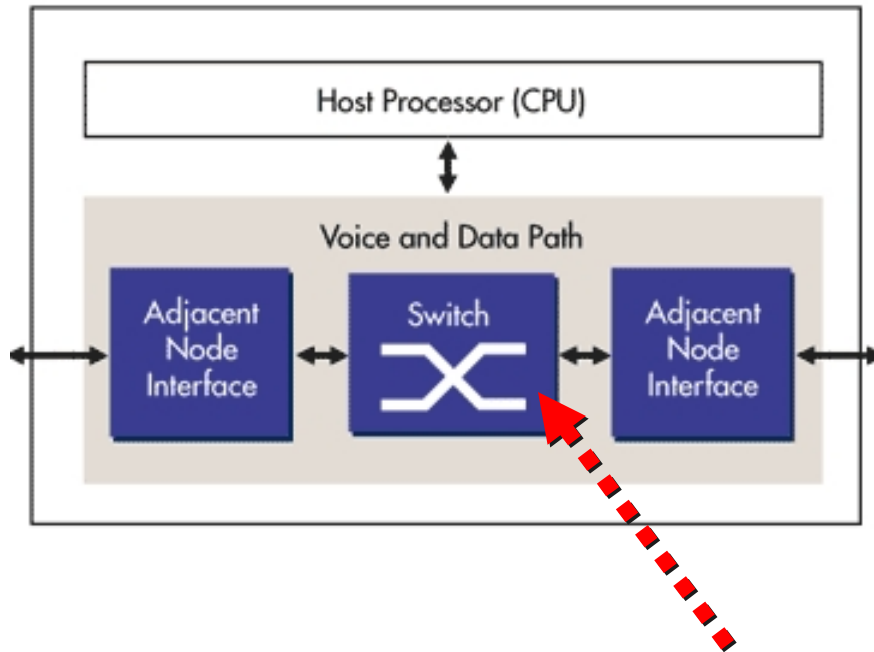
Packet switching delays

types of delays



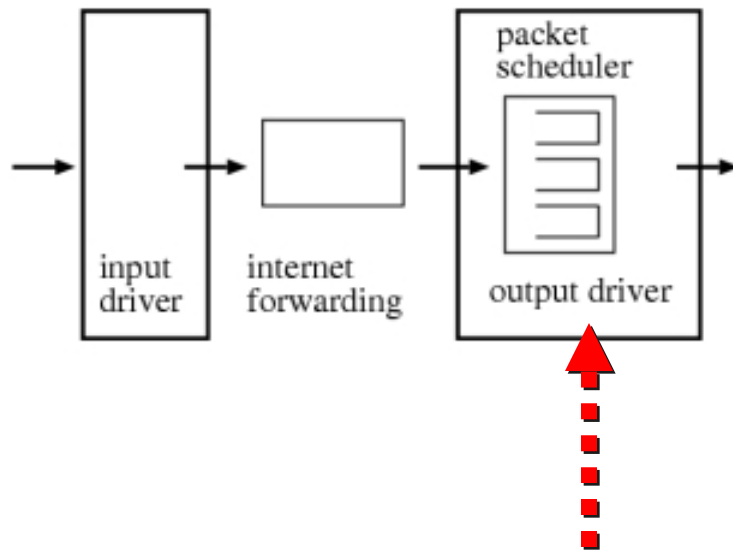
- Nodal processing
- Queuing
- Transmission
- Propagation

Processing delays



- nodal processing - several μ sec

Queuing delay



- queuing delay - several μ sec to several milli-secondes

Transmission delay

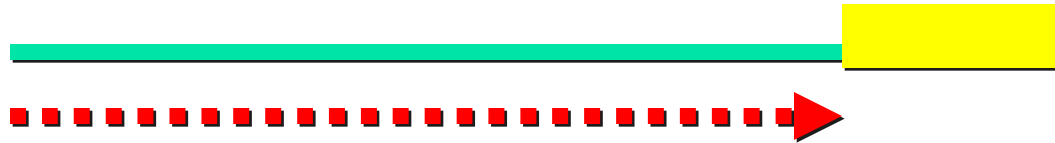
- **Transmission delay**: time necessary to output or transmit (by host or router) all the bits of the **packet**



- $R_{\text{ate}} = 100 \text{ Mb/s}$, $L_{\text{ength}} = 1000 \text{ bits}$

Propagation delay

- **Propagation delay**: time delay between the last bit of the packet sent and its reception at the receiver end

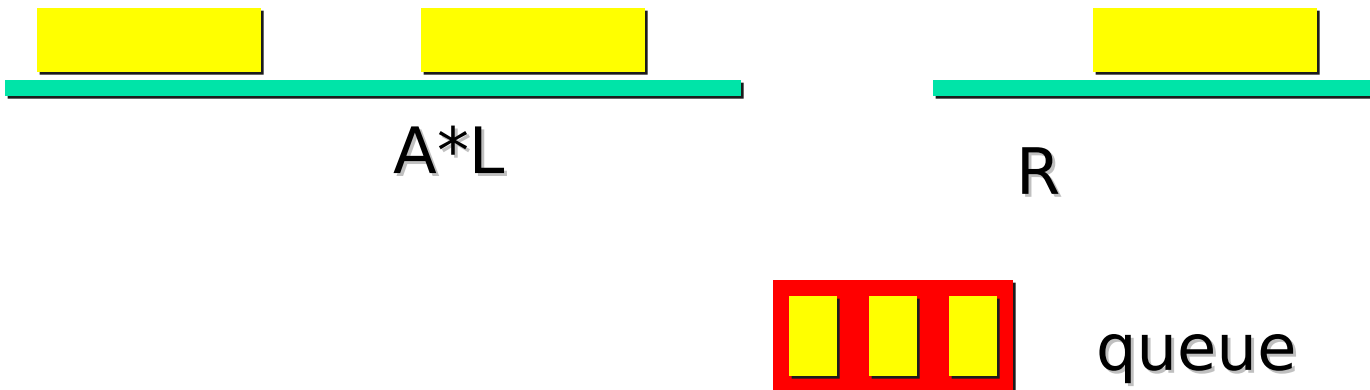


- $V_{itesse} = 200\ 000\ \text{Km/s}$, $D_{istance} = 1\ \text{Km}$

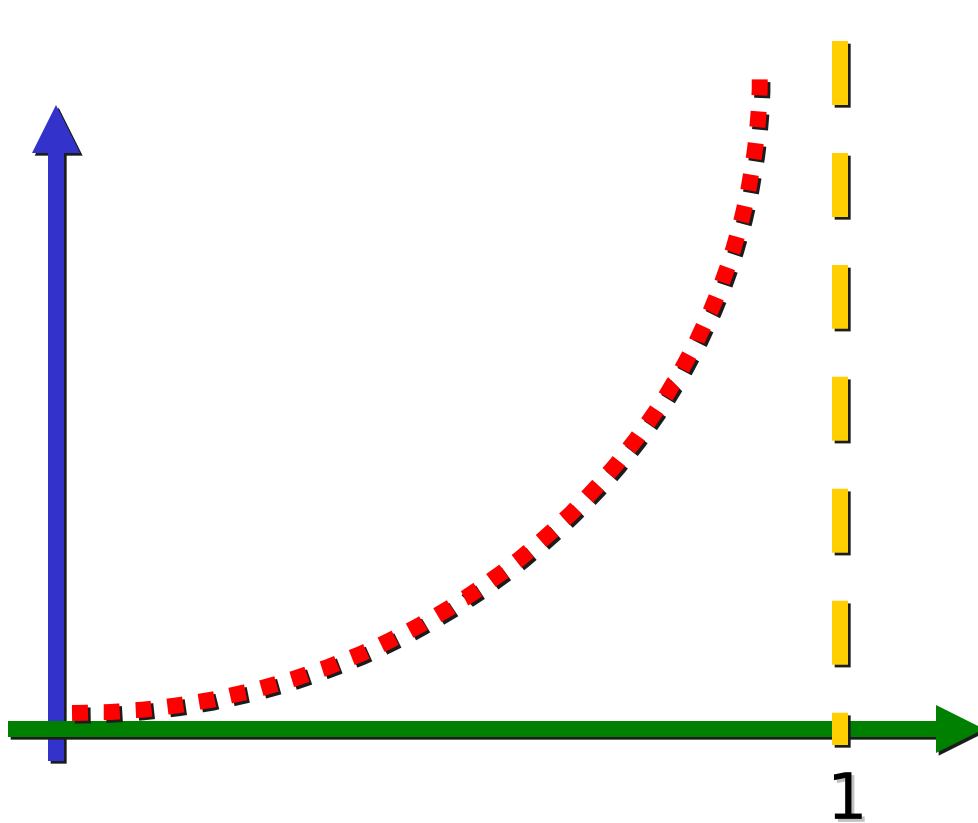
Average queuing delay

■ Queuing delay

- Arrival – average arrival data-rate of the packets
- L – size of the packets
- $A*L$ – average data rate
- R – transmission data-rate (at the output)
- $A*L/R$ – **traffic density** (needs to be <1)



Average queuing delay



$$D_{\text{delay}} = 1/(R - A*L)$$

$$R = 1 \text{ Mb/s}$$

$$A = 100 \text{ packet/s}$$

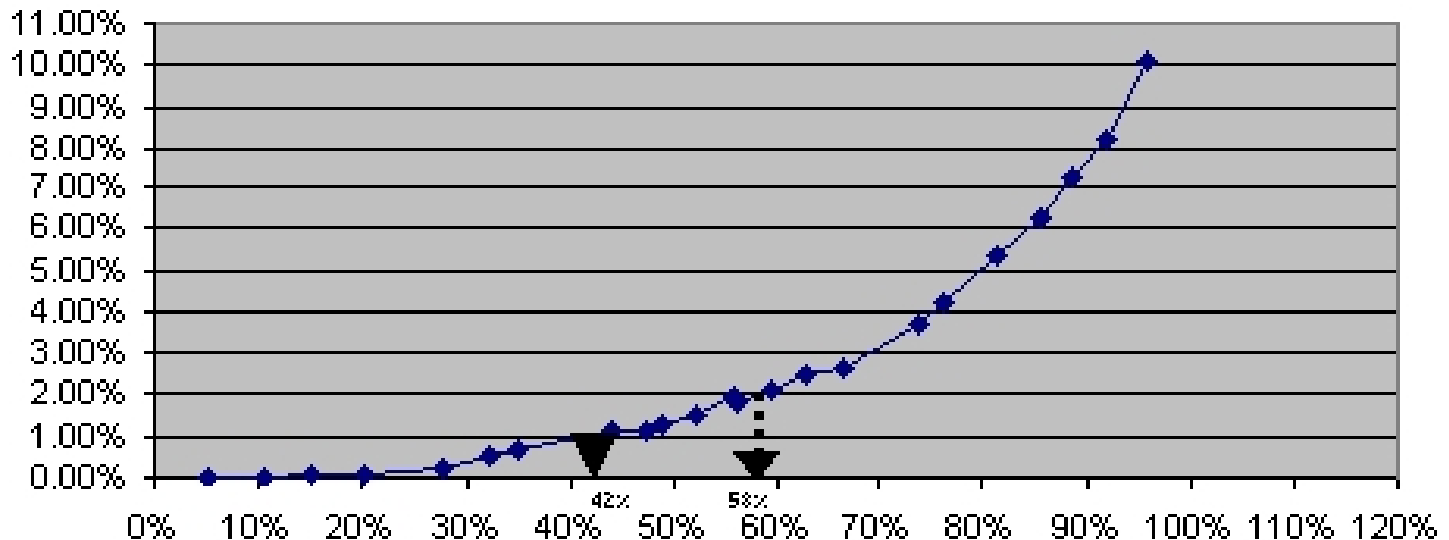
$$L = 1 \text{ KB}$$

Exercise :

Calculate the average queuing delay for the **bits** and for the **packets**

Packet loss

■ Packet loss: % of the load



■ A*L/R - density (%)

Interpret the results shown on the graph



End-to-end routing delay

N routers-switches



$$D_{\text{end-to-end}} = N * (D_{\text{processing}} + D_{\text{transmission}} + D_{\text{propagation}})$$

Routing – file transfer time

$$D_{\text{propagation}} = 0$$

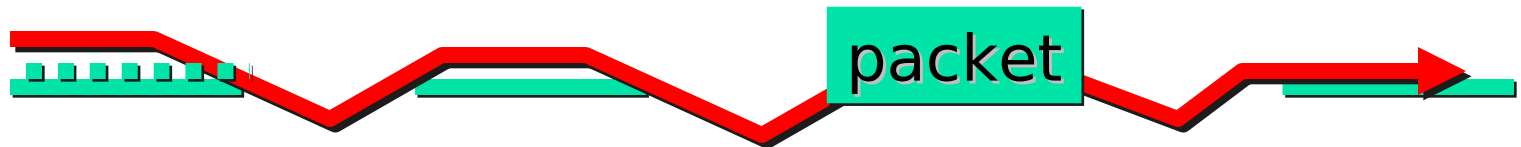
- The file to send $F = M * L$ bits on the route with N routers
- Link data-rate is given by : R_{rate} b/s
- Light load – no queuing delays
- Propagation delay is close to zero
- Processing delay per node (high) is given by $P_{\text{processing}}$
- The number of routers is given by Q

Routing – file transfert time

- $F = 10 \text{ KB}$
- $Q=3$
- $M=80$
- $R= 10 \text{ Mb}$
- $H = 200 \text{ bits (25 Bytes)}$
- $P = 1 \text{ ms}$

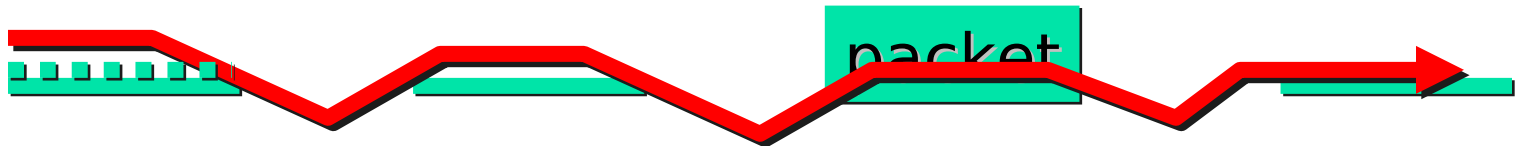
Question: what is the time necessary to send this file ?

Switching – file transfert time



- Now let us take a switching system with virtual circuit established before transmission of the file, this operation takes $C_{\text{onnection}}$ seconds
- The packet header (H) is much shorter and the processing time (P) also lower.

Switching – file transfert time



New and modified parameters:

- *VC setup* $C = 10$ ms
- header $H \Rightarrow 100$ bits

Question: what is the time necessary to send this file ?

Packet – optimal size (L)



file

- Let us take a system with N routers
- The data rate of the links is given by R (b/s)
- The data packet size is represented by L (bits)
- H is the number of bits added to the packet.
- **Question** : for the given file size F , what is the optimal length of L giving the minimal transport time over this route (find the symbolic expression)?

Packet – optimal size (L)



file

- Given the following values :

$$N = 10$$

$$R = 1\text{Mb/s}$$

$$L = ?$$

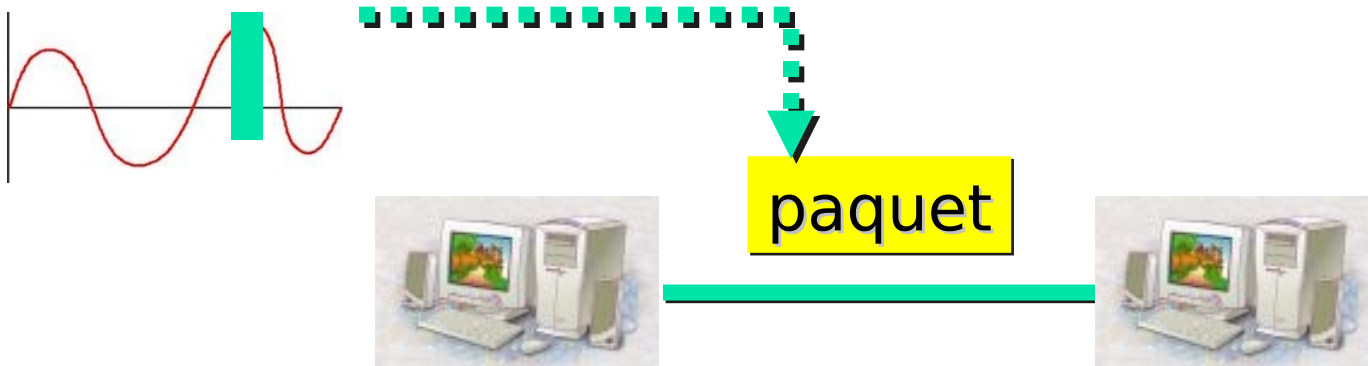
$$H = 10 \text{ bytes}$$

$$F = 1 \text{ Mo}$$

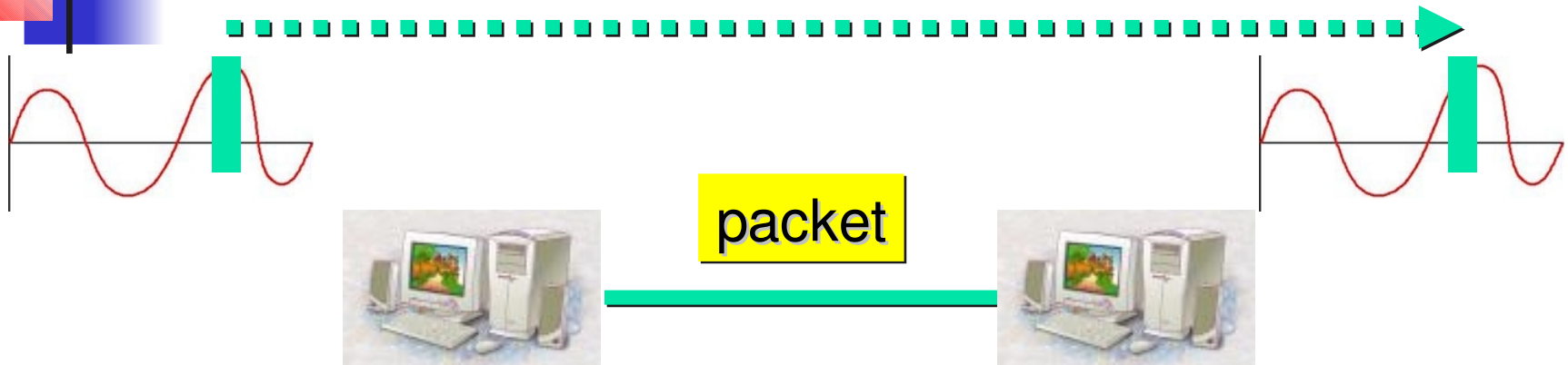
- **Question** : what is the minimal transport time ?

Packetization delay

- In this exercise we are trying to send the packetized voice samples (media flow) from host A to host B.
- Host A converts the analog signals into 64kb/s digital flow, this flow is packetized into 48 byte packets.
- The communication link has 1 Mb/s data-rate and its propagation delay is 2 ms.



Packetization and transmission

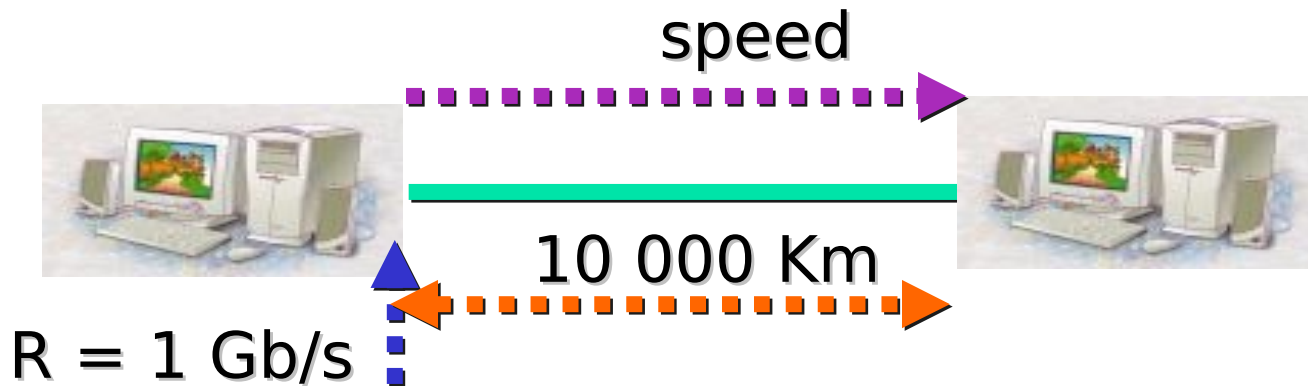


- **Question:** What is the total delay between the sampling of the input signal at host A and the regeneration of the analog signal at the receiving host B ?

Propagation delay

- Let us take two hosts, A and B, connected by a direct (optic) link of 10 000 Km with the data rate of $R=1\text{ Gb/s}$.
- Calculate the product of :

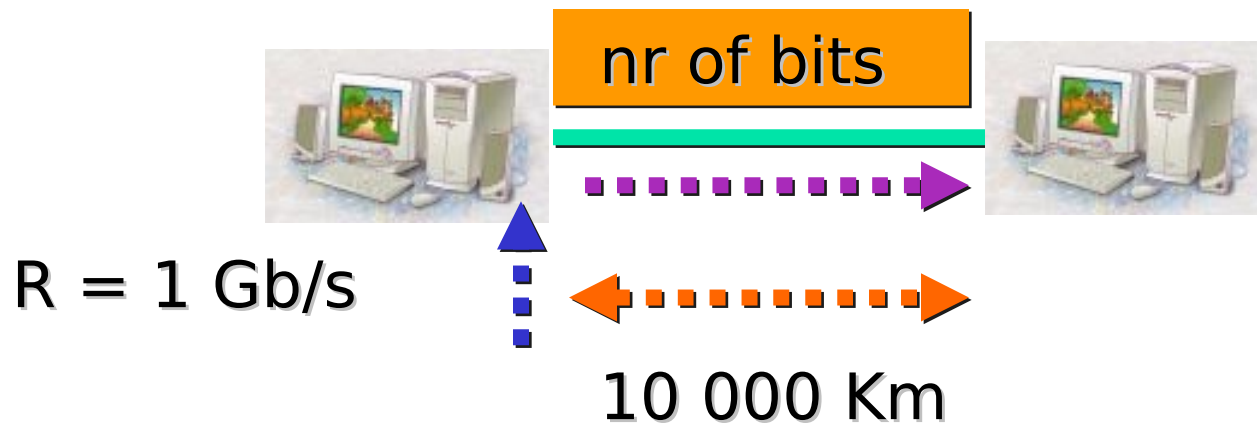
$$\text{rate} * \text{propagation_delay} - R * D_{\text{propagation}}$$



Propagation delay

- On this link you send a 800000-byte file

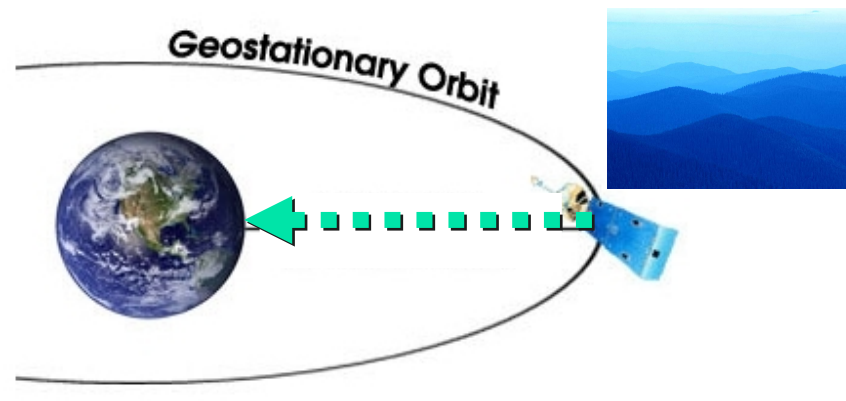
Questions : 1. What is the max number of bits in propagation on this link ? 2. What part of this file is in « propagation » state ? 3. What is the place taken by 1 bit in propagation ?



Satellite link – propagation and rate

- Let us take a satellitary link with 10 Mb/s between a geostationnary satellite and the base station.
- Every minute the satellite takes one photo.

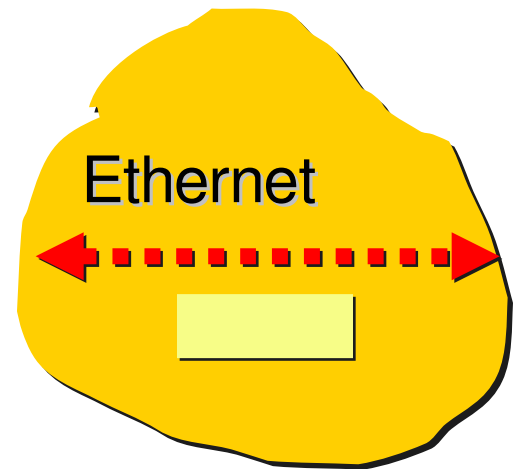
Question : What is the minimum size of the photo in pixels (uncompressed bitmap) necessary to feed continuously this link ?



Ethernet transfer time

Let us take a client/server configuration where client and server are connected via an Ethernet link with data rate 100 Mb/s. Client request is sent in one Ethernet frame (1518 bytes).

The server response is carried by 7 Ethernet frames.



Question:

What is the minimum time for this transaction - T_{trans} ?